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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Village of Marwayne is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the consolidated financial statements present fairly the Village's financial position as at December 31, 2020 and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

The consolidated financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Village Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the consolidated financial statements principally through its Audit Committee. This committee meets regularly with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to the Audit Committee with and without the presence of management. The Village Council has approved the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by L&A CPA LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, independent external auditors appointed by the Village. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Village's consolidated financial statements.

Chief Administrative Officer	Financial Officer
Date	Date

Marwayne, Alberta August 16, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of Village of Marwayne

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Village of Marwayne (the Village), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Village as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Village in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Village's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Village or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Village's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Village of Marwayne (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Village's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Village to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Village of Marwayne (continued)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Debit Limit Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Village's debt limit can be found in Note 10.

• Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 313/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation and note the information required can be found in Note 1.

LEA CPA UP

Lloydminster, Saskatchewan August 16, 2021

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Consolidated Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2020

FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and temporary investments (Note 2) Receivable	\$	2,893,006 -	\$ 2,542,936 -
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 3)		117,695	69,275
Trade, utilities and grants receivable (Note 3)		134,504	91,878
Inventory held for resale		309,698	326,555
Investment (Note 4)	_	6	6
	_	3,454,909	3,030,650
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		242,155	67,632
Deferred revenue (Note 6)		71,880	63,323
Long term debt (Note 9)	_	1,174,594	1,295,556
		1,488,629	1,426,511
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		1,966,280	1,604,139
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Prepaid expenses		-	6,849
Tangible capital assets (Note 5)		10,303,570	10,534,541
Cultural and historical assets (Note 12)	_	689	689
		10,304,259	10,542,079
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$	12,270,539	\$ 12,146,218

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 17)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL	-
	_ Council member
	Council member

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Consolidated Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget		2	020		2019
REVENUES						
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3)	\$ 482	2,031	\$	496,761	\$	432,579
User fees and sale of goods	451	,665		491,557		493,887
Government transfers for operating (Schedule						
4)		,866		236,563		181,479
Investment income		,000		29,690		55,576
Penalties and costs of taxes	18	3,000		12,311		15,763
Licenses and permits		,500		1,166		1,216
Other	64	,404		128,858		70,455
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		1,714		
	1,169,4	466	1,	398,620		1,250,955
EXPENSES						
Legislative	32,	500		19,484		28,381
Administration	205,			233,593		222,960
Fire and by-laws enforcement	35,0			27,210		31,753
Ambulance and disaster services		550		1,525		1,237
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	201,6			295,051		188,965
Water supply and distribution	379,			407,528		348,784
Wastewater treatment and disposal	92,7			43,312		62,496
Waste management	107,			71,937		59,746
Family and community services	57,			20,799		28,043
Land use planning, housing, rentals	50,9			47,436		22,406
Recreation and parks	61,0			39,568		45,868
Culture, library		500		5,957		3,121
Amortization	345,			401,063		420,308
	1,574,			614,463		1,464,068
		123		014,403		1,404,000
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES -						
BEFORE OTHER ITEMS	(404,6	357)	(215,843)		(213,113)
OTHER INCOME						
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	629,	576		340,164		476,065
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	224,9	919		124,321		262,952
	== .,	-		-,		·, -
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF	10 140 1	240	40	446 240	4	1 000 000
YEAR	12,146,2	<u> </u>	12,	146,218	1	1,883,266
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,371, ⁻	137	\$ 12,	270,539	\$ 1	2,146,218

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budget	2020	2019
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$	224,919	\$ 124,321	\$ 262,952
Purchase of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	_	(509,015) 345,596 - - - - (163,419)	(170,092) 401,063 1,714 (1,714) 6,849 237,820	(324,902) 420,308 - (5,949) 89,457
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		61,500	362,141	352,409
Net financial assets - beginning of year		1,604,139	1,604,139	1,251,730
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,665,639	\$ 1,966,280	\$ 1,604,139

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020		2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	124,321	\$	262,952
Items not affecting cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		401,063 (1,714)	·	420,308
	_	523,670		683,260
Non-cash charges to operations (net change) Increase in taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Increase) decrease in trade, utilities and grants receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory held for resale Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		(48,420) (42,626) 16,857 174,523 8,557 6,849		(1,294) 476,422 (204,235) (240,883) (38,062) (5,949)
		115,740		(14,001)
Cash flow from operating activities	_	639,410		669,259
CAPITAL Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	(170,092) 1,714		(324,902)
Cash flow used by capital	_	(168,378)		(324,902)
FINANCING Long-term debt repaid	_	(120,962)		(85,061)
Cash flow used by financing		(120,962)		(85,061)
INCREASE IN CASH FLOW		350,070		259,296
Cash - beginning of year	_	2,542,936		2,283,640
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 2)	\$	2,893,006	\$	2,542,936

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2020

(Schedule 1)

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2020	2019
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 1,944,917	\$ 962,316	\$ 9,238,985	\$ 12,146,218	\$ 11,883,266
Excess of revenues over expenses Internally restricted funds designated for capital Current year funds used for tangible capital	124,321 -	- -	- -	124,321 -	262,952 -
assets	(170,092)	-	170,092	-	-
Annual amortization expense Long term debt repaid	401,063 (120,962)	-	(401,063) 120,962	-	- -
Interfund transfer	(12,851)	12,851		-	
Change in accumulated surplus	221,479	12,851	(110,009)	124,321	262,952
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,166,396	\$ 975,167	\$ 9,128,976	\$ 12,270,539	\$ 12,146,218

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 2)

	Land	lml	Land provements	Buildings	Engineered Structures	achinery & Equipment	Vehicles	struction In Progress	2020		2019
COST:											
BALANCE DEC. 31, 2019 Acquisition tangible assets Disposal tangible assets	\$ 370,986 - -	\$	155,100 - -	\$ 2,564,102 - -	\$ 13,405,285 129,397 -	\$ 186,576 - -	\$ 425,036 28,810 (17,304)	\$ - 11,885 -	\$ 17,107,085 170,092 (17,304)	\$ 1 	16,782,183 324,902 -
BALANCE DEC. 31, 2020	\$ 370,986	\$	155,100	\$ 2,564,102	\$ 13,534,682	\$ 186,576	\$ 436,542	\$ 11,885	\$ 17,259,873	\$ 1	17,107,085
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION											
BALANCE DEC. 31, 2019 Annual amortization Accum. amort. disposals	\$ - - -	\$	66,274 6,371 -	\$ 946,351 48,579 -	\$ 5,184,819 304,488 -	\$ 106,854 8,476 -	\$ 268,246 33,149 (17,304)	\$ - - -	\$ 6,572,544 401,063 (17,304)	\$	6,152,236 420,308 -
BALANCE DEC. 31, 2020	\$ -	\$	72,645	\$ 994,930	\$ 5,489,307	\$ 115,330	\$ 284,091	\$ -	\$ 6,956,303	\$	6,572,544
NET BOOK VALUE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 370,986	\$	82,455	\$ 1,569,172	\$ 8,045,375	\$ 71,246	\$ 152,451	\$ 11,885	\$ 10,303,570	\$ 1	10,534,541
2019 NET BOOK VALUE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 370,986	\$	88,826	\$ 1,617,751	\$ 8,220,466	\$ 79,722	\$ 156,790	\$ -	\$ 10,534,541		

Schedule of Property and Other Taxes (Schedule 3)

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget	2020	2019		
TAXATION					
Real property taxes	\$ 524,051	\$ 523,922	\$	471,230	
Business taxes	66,003	77,446		71,361	
Linear property taxes	15,960	16,867		14,318	
Government grants in place of property taxes Special assessments and local improvement	908	1,700		908	
taxes	 749	-		749	
REQUISITIONS	607,671	619,935		558,566	
Alberta School Foundation Fund	125,640	123,174		125,987	
	\$ 482,031	\$ 496,761	\$	432,579	

Schedule of Government Transfers (Schedule 4)

	Budget	2020	2019
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING: Provincial Government	\$ 111,866	\$ 236,563	\$ 181,479
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL: Federal Government Provincial Government Other Local Government	 82,905 546,671 -	124,053 216,111 -	225,552 245,340 5,173
	 629,576	340,164	476,065
	\$ 741,442	\$ 576,727	\$ 657,544

Schedule of Consolidated Expenses By Object (Schedule 5)

	Budget 2020				2019		
CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT							
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 415,112	\$	371,615	\$	402,244		
Contracted and general services	283,190		299,738		181,447		
Materials, goods, supplies, and utilities	278,333		296,104		223,105		
Provision for allowances	1,500		571		-		
Transfers to local boards and agencies	35,225		50,772		33,244		
Transfer to individuals and organizations	162,000		148,122		155,148		
Bank charges and short term interest	1,600		531		498		
Interest on capital long term debt	51,567		45,947		48,074		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	 345,596		401,063		420,308		
	\$ 1,574,123	\$	1,614,463	\$	1,464,068		

Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6)

	G	General overnment	rotective Services	Tra	ansportation Services	lanning & velopment	creation & Culture	vironmental Services	Other	Total
REVENUE										
Property taxes	\$	496,761	\$ _	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 496,761
Government transfers		66,364	11,885		250,239	26,478	-	197,104	24,657	576,727
User fees and sale of goods		660	1,294		915	-	-	488,688	-	491,557
Investment income		29,690	-		-	-	-	-	-	29,690
Other revenue		47,504	3,480		66,022	16,068	-	9,236	25	142,335
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	-		-	-	-	-	1,714	1,714
		640,979	16,659		317,176	42,546	-	695,028	26,396	1,738,784
EXPENSES										
Salaries, wages, and benefits		126,323	-		70,141	-	24,603	150,548	-	371,615
Contracted and general services		80,706	6,691		63,657	47,436	-	100,402	846	299,738
Materials, goods, supplies, and utilities		30,573	10,334		144,511	-	6,647	102,820	1,219	296,104
Provision for allowances		571	-		-	-	-	-	-	571
Transfers to local boards and agencies		14,373	11,709		-	-	5,957	-	18,733	50,772
Transfer to individuals and organizations		-	-		-	-	-	148,122	-	148,122
Bank charges and short term interest		531	-		-	-	-	-	-	531
Interest on capital long term debt		-	-		16,743	-	8,318	20,886	-	45,947
		253,077	28,734		295,052	47,436	45,525	522,778	20,798	1,213,400
NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION		387,902	(12,075)		22,124	(4,890)	(45,525)	172,250	5,598	525,384
Amortization expense		-	29,594		152,533	-	38,631	169,336	10,969	401,063
NET REVENUE	\$	387,902	\$ (41,669)	\$	(130,409)	\$ (4,890)	\$ (84,156)	\$ 2,914	\$ (5,371)	\$ 124,321

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Village of Marwayne are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Village are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Village and are, therefore, accountable to the Village Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. Included with the municipality are the following:

Marwayne Water and Sewer Utilities Marwayne Waste Disposal System

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The financial statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash is defined as cash on hand and cash on deposit, net of cheques issued and outstanding at the reporting date. Temporary investments includes any investment with a maturity date of three months or less.

Inventory for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and waste water services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost or amortized cost. Investments includes any invesment with a maturity date of greater than three months at the reporting date. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectible from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from the municipal revenue.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the Village is required to fund the closure of its landfill sites and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities include the final clay cover, landscaping, as well as surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection.

The Village currently has a transfer station and a contract with Vermillion River Waste Management Authority for disposal of its waste.

Contaminated Sites Liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements	15-20
Buildings	25-65
Engineered structures	15-75
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-20

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

i. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

ii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

iii. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

iv. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed in Note 12.

2020

2010

2. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

	 2020	2019
Cash Temporary investments	\$ 1,177,636 1,715,370	\$ 849,438 1,693,498
	\$ 2,893,006	\$ 2,542,936

Temporary investments are short-term deposits with original maturity dates of three months or less with ATB Financial at interest rates ranging from 0.9% to 1.0%.

Council has designated funds of \$975,167 (2019 - \$962,316) included in the above amounts for capital purposes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

3. RECEIVABLES

	2020			2019
Property Taxes Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable Arrears of taxes	\$	71,017 46,678	\$	42,312 26,963
Total		117,695		69,275
Other				
Grants receivable		74,053		40,927
Utilities receivable		9,921		31,253
Trade accounts receivable		22,100		16,809
Goods and service tax recoverable		28,430		2,889
Total		134,504	•	91,878
Total	\$	252,199	\$	161,153

During the year, the company recorded impairments of \$571 (2019 - \$0). This amount is included in administration in the statement of operations and provision for allowances in Schedule 5.

4. INVESTMENT

	2020		2	2019
Alberta Central East Water Corporation	\$	6	\$	6

The Village of Marwayne owns 601 Class A voting shares in Alberta Central East Water Corporation. This represents a 5% interest in Alberta Central East Water Corporation.

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	 ccumulated mortization	2020 Net book value	2019 Net book value
Land Land improvements Buildings Engineered structures Machinery and equipment Vehicles Construction-in-progress	\$ 370,986 155,100 2,564,102 13,534,682 186,576 436,542 11,885	\$ 72,645 994,930 5,489,307 115,330 284,091 -	\$ 370,986 82,455 1,569,172 8,045,375 71,246 152,451 11,885	\$ 370,986 88,826 1,617,751 8,220,466 79,722 156,790

6. DEFERRED REVENUE

	 2020	2019
Municipal Stimulus Program	\$ 27,794	\$ -
Business Revitalization Program	23,539	20,344
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - Capital	20,547	16,501
Alberta Community Partnership	 -	26,478
	\$ 71,880	\$ 63,323

The Municipal Stimulus Program is to be used for the development of walking trails. The deferred revenue will be recognized in the year the related expenditures occur.

The Chamber of Commerce provides funds that are restricted for the revitalization of businesses within the Village of Marwayne. The deferred revenue will be recognized in the year the related expenses are incurred.

The Municipal Sustainability Initiative - Capital grant is restricted for the continuation of underground and surface infrastructure renewals. The deferred revenue will be recognized in the year the related expenditures occur.

7. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

Alberta environmental law requires closure and post-closure care of landfill sites, which includes final covering and landscaping, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspections and maintenance.

The Village of Marwayne has two landfill sites that have been closed for years. The Village monitors these sites as required by law. The Village has not estimated any costs of post-closure care for these landfill sites. There is no immediate designated use for the property. Any future use will be assessed and relevant post-closure care requirements will be addressed at that time.

The Village has not designated any assets for settling post-closure liabilities.

8. CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY

The town has adopted PS3260 Liability for Contaminated Sites. The town did not identify any financial liabilities in 2020 (2019- nil) as a result of this standard.

9. LONG TERM DEBT

	<u>_</u>	2020	2019	
#2 Self supported debenture #3 Self supported debenture #4 Self supported debenture #5 Self supported debenture	\$	- 188,423 366,438 619,733	\$	47,341 202,384 387,778 658,053
	\$	1,174,594	\$	1,295,556

The current portion of long term debt amounts to \$76,236 (2019 - \$88,456).

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

	Principal		Interest			Total
2021	\$	76,236	\$	40,453	\$	116,689
2022	•	78,944	•	37,745	Ť	116,689
2023		81,750		34,939		116,689
2024		84,658		32,030		116,688
2025		87,672		29,017		116,689
2026 and subsequent		765,334		112,041		877,375
	\$	1,174,594	\$	286,225	\$	1,460,819

#3 Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 4.269% per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and matures in 2031. The average annual interest rate is 4.269% for 2020 (4.269% in 2019). For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8%, 9% and 11% to a maximum annual rate of 12.5%, depending on the date borrowed.

#4 Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 3.866% per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and matures in 2033. The average annual interest rate is 3.866% for 2020 (3.866% in 2019). For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8%, 9% and 11% to a maximum annual rate of 12.5%, depending on the date borrowed.

#5 Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 3.051% per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and matures in 2033. The average annual interest rate is 3.051% for 2020 (3.051% in 2019). For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8%, 9% and 11% to a maximum annual rate of 12.5%, depending on the date borrowed.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Village of Marwayne at large.

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$45,947 (2019 - \$48,074).

The Village's total cash payments for interest in 2020 was \$48,805 (2019 - \$49,420).

10. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276 (2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Village of Marwayne be disclosed as follows:

	2020	2019
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 2,097,930 1,174,594	\$ 1,876,433 1,295,556
Total debt limit available	923,336	580,877
Service on debt limit Service on debt	349,655 116,689	312,739 134,481
Service on debt limit available	232,966	178,258

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

11. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2020	2019
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2) Long term debt (Note 9)	\$ 17,259,873 (6,956,303 (1,174,594	(6,572,544)
	\$ 9,128,976	\$ 9,238,985

12. CULTURAL AND HISTORICAL ASSETS

The Village of Marwayne owns a cenotaph. It is not recorded as a tangible capital asset in the financial statements and is not amortized.

13. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	 2020	2019
Unrestricted surplus Internally Restricted surplus	\$ 2,166,396	\$ 1,944,917
Emergency services	51,243	50,568
Engineered structures	44,606	44,018
General equipment replacement	70,800	69,866
Roads	223,129	220,189
Water and sewer	585,389	577,675
Equity in tangible capital assets (Note 11)	 9,128,976	9,238,985
	\$ 12,270,539	\$ 12,146,218

14. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Village of Marwayne provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to Schedule of Segmented Disclosures (Schedule 6).

15. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	S	alary (1)	All	lowances(2)	 2020	2019
Mayor Eikeland	\$	4,800	\$	-	\$ 4,800	\$ 5,500
Council Lawrence McDonald Neureuter Rainey		3,200 2,400 2,700 3,000		- - - -	3,200 2,400 2,700 3,000	3,400 3,000 3,600 3,300
Chief Admin		11,300		-	11,300	13,300
Harrower Willner		75,011 - 75,011		6,650 - 6,650	 81,661 - 81,661	8,003 89,134 97,137
Designated Officers Wainwright Assessment Group Ltd.		7,879		-	7,879	8,359
	\$	98,990	\$	6,650	\$ 105,640	\$ 124,296

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria, per diem pay and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans.

16. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION

During 2002, the Village of Marwayne acquired two lots through tax recovery that contain contamination. The lots previously were used for gas station facilities. Environmental studies have been performed by ConocoPhillips to determine the extent of damage. Section 434 of the Municipal Government Act specifically relieves the Village of any responsibility with respect to contamination that existed prior to acquisition through tax recovery. The lots held for resale have been reported at the assessor's assigned value for 2020 of \$1,370.

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Village of Marwayne has entered into a water and wastewater treatment systems agreement with the Village of Kitscoty and Village of Dewberry. This agreement will be used to co-ordinate their efforts and co-operate in having adequate provision and maintenance of the water and wastewater services in each municipality. This agreement remains in effect unless one of the parties gives the other parties six months notice in any calendar year to terminate.

The Village of Marwayne has entered into a three year contract with Wainwright Assessment Group Ltd. for assessment services. The following per annum costs will apply:

June 1, 2020 to May 31, 2021 - \$7,944

June 1, 2021 to May 31, 2022 - \$8,100

The Village of Marwayne is a partner in the Alberta Central East Water Corporation (ACE) regional water system project. The full regional system will include 350+ kilometers of pipeline, two Water Transfer (pump) Stations (WTS) located near Vegreville and Lloydminster along with community fill stations and truck fill stations. The water is supplied from the North Saskatchewan River sourced through two sources. The total capital costs of the regional water system is estimated to be approximately \$140 million with the provincial government and federal government contributing 90% of the costs. The remaining costs will be shared between the thirteen member municipalities through a pro-rated share (based on population) for each phase of construction. Total costs to date have been \$702,873. The Village of Marwayne has 5% of the voting shares and is responsible for 4.45% of all costs. The Village's portion is estimated to total \$879,761. As the Regional Water System is not a Village owned asset, none of the related liabilities, funding or expenditures are reflected in the Village except for the Village's portion. Annual consumption costs in 2021 will be based on the current ACE water rates.

The Village of Marwayne has entered into an annual waste management agreement with the Vermilion River Regional Waste Management Services Commission for annual fees of \$68,482 in 2021. Each year the fees are reviewed and adjusted to actual costs incurred. The adjustment is expensed in the year it is calculated and collected by the Commission.

The Village of Marwayne has entered into an annual rental agreement for office space with the Marwayne Agricultural Society for an annual fee of \$7,000. Each year this agreement is reviewed and adjusted if required.

The Village of Marwayne has entered into an agreement with Pioneer Lodge to provide financial support for any future operating deficit and debt servicing costs. The Village of Marwayne is responsible to cover any shortfalls to the extent of their participating interest. Currently Pioneer Lodge is in good standing.

VILLAGE OF MARWAYNE Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Marwayne Agricultural Society - Village appoints a director to the Society and has a close working relationship with the Board.

	 2020	2019
Marwayne Agricultural Society: Office rent - expense Shannon Harrower: Telephone allowance - expense Jordan Willner: Telephone allowance - expense	\$ (7,000) (603) -	\$ (7,000) - (497)
	\$ (7,603)	\$ (7,497)

2020

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2020. The Village is not exposed to significant currency risk or other price risk.

Credit risk

The Village is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Village provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk. The Village of Marwayne has also passed a bylaw authorizing transfer of utilities and other receivables to the tax roll.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of collection of its various receivables and the payment of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long term debt.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. The Village's exposure arises from their self-supported debentures and temporary investments that are guaranteed investment certificates. All interest rates are fixed, thus there is little exposure to interest rate risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instruments approximates fair value.

20. COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies. As of August 16, 2021, the Village is aware of these changes in its operations as a result of the COVID-19 crisis. Council is uncertain of the effects of these changes on its financial statements and believes that any disturbance may be temporary; however there is uncertainty about the length and potential impact of the disturbance. As a result, we are unable to estimate the potential impact on the Village's operations as of the date of these financial statements.

21. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.

22. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Budget amounts are included for information purposes only and are not audited.